

IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (Currently Amended) A computer-implemented method residing in a computer-readable medium and processed by a forward proxy for securely accelerating an external domain locally to a client, comprising:

receiving, at the forward proxy, a secure communications request for an external domain from a client;

identifying, at the forward proxy, a domain identification associated with the request; and

routing, by the forward proxy, the request to a local domain accelerator based on the domain identification, wherein the local domain accelerator communicates securely with the external domain via a first set of unique session keys used for the local domain accelerator and the external domain to communicate via encrypted communications with one another and separately the local domain accelerator communicates securely with the client via a second set of unique session keys used for the local domain accelerator and the client to communicate and the first set of session keys and the second set of session keys are different from one another and wherein the client believes communication that the client has with the local domain accelerator is occurring with the external domain because the local domain accelerator vends an external domain certificate to the client during the communication to present itself as the external domain but in fact it occurs with the local domain accelerator via the second set of session keys, and wherein the local domain accelerator caches data from the external domain for servicing the request of the client, and wherein the data is cached and managed via the forward proxy and maintained in encrypted ~~decrypted~~ format within cache and then decrypted and re-encrypted using the second set of unique session keys when data from the cache is delivered from the local domain accelerator to the client from the cache to satisfy the request.

2. (Cancelled).

3. (Cancelled).

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4. (Original) The method of claim 1 further comprising, establishing a Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) handshake between the client and the local domain accelerator to service the request, wherein the client believes that the handshake is with the external domain.
5. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein receiving further includes intercepting the request that originates from the client for the external domain.
6. (Original) The method of claim 1 further comprising, accessing, by the local domain accelerator, caching services for caching and managing the data.
7. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein identifying further includes stripping a host header from the request, wherein the host header is the domain identifier which identifies the external domain.
8. (Currently Amended) A computer-implemented method residing in a computer-readable medium and processed by a proxy for securely accelerating an external domain locally, comprising:
- receiving a secure request forwarded from a proxy, the secure request originating from a client and destined for an external domain, the proxy acting as both a transparent and forward proxy within a local environment of the client;
- establishing a secure communication with the client by providing the client a certificate associated with the external domain, wherein the certificate is for the external domain and is vended to the client to make the client believe the secure interaction is occurring with the external domain, and wherein the secure communication entails using a first set of session keys to communicate securely with the client and the client believes after receiving the certificate that communication is occurring with the external domain; and
- servicing the client with data from local cache that is acquired from the external domain via encrypted communications, and wherein a portion of that data is used to service the secure request, and wherein separate communication is securely established with the external domain

using a second set of session keys via the encrypted communications, the first set of session keys different from the second set of session keys, and wherein the data is encrypted within ~~decrypted~~ ~~and housed in~~ the local cache of the proxy and subsequently decrypted and then re-encrypted and delivered to the client using the first set of session keys via the secure communication with the client.

9. (Original) The method of claim 8 wherein servicing further includes acting as the external domain when interacting with the client.

10. (Original) The method of claim 8 further comprising accessing caching services from the proxy to manage the data in the local cache.

11. (Original) The method of claim 8 wherein servicing further includes acquiring at least a portion of the data from the external domain in advance of a subsequent request for that portion of the data, wherein the subsequent request is issued from the client.

12. (Original) The method of claim 8 wherein servicing further includes interacting securely with the external domain to acquire the data housed in the local cache.

13. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 12 wherein interacting securely further includes mutually signing interactions transmitted between a local domain accelerator and the external domain.

14. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 13 wherein interacting securely further includes using the proxy to establish a secure communications channel between the local domain accelerator and the external domain.

15. (Currently Amended) An external domain acceleration system, comprising:
a proxy configured as both a transparent and forward proxy; and
a local domain accelerator implemented in a computer-readable medium and to process

on the proxy, wherein a client securely requests an external domain and the proxy routes the request to the local domain accelerator, the local domain accelerator securely communicates with the external domain via encrypted communications and caches data in a local cache of the proxy in an encrypted ~~a decrypted~~ format which is used to service the client via secure communications between the local domain accelerator and the client by decrypting and then re-encrypting the data from the local cache using a first set of session keys, and wherein the local domain accelerator securely communicates with the client using the first set of session keys and securely communicates with the external domain using a second set of session keys via the encrypted communications, the first set of session keys are different from the second set of session keys, and wherein the client believes communication is occurring between the client and the external domain because the local domain accelerator vends an external domain certificate to the client during the communication to present itself as the external domain, but in fact communication is occurring between the client and the local domain accelerator via the first set of session keys.

16. (Cancelled).

17. (Original) The external domain acceleration system of claim 15 wherein communications between the local domain accelerator and the external domain are mutually signed.

18. (Original) The external domain acceleration system of claim 15 wherein the client is a browser application that interacts with the local domain accelerator via Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) communications.

19. (Cancelled).

20. (Original) The external domain acceleration system of claim 15 wherein the proxy creates a secure communications tunnel between the client and the local domain accelerator and the proxy creates a secure communications channel between the local domain accelerator and the external domain.

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21. (Currently Amended) An external domain acceleration system, comprising:
a local domain accelerator implemented in a computer-readable medium and to process
on a forward proxy for a client; and
cache of the proxy, wherein the local domain accelerator securely communicates with the
[[a]] client as if the local domain accelerator was an external domain and securely communicates
with the external domain via encrypted communications for purposes of acquiring data from the
external domain, and wherein the local domain accelerator houses the data in and vends the data
from the cache to the client, the data housed in the cache in an encrypted format, and wherein the
local domain accelerator securely communicates with the client via a first set of session keys and
separately securely communicates with the external domain using a second set of session keys
via the encrypted communications and wherein the first set of session keys is different from the
second set of session keys and the client believes that the client is communicating with the
external domain because the local domain accelerator vends an external domain certificate to the
client during the communication to present itself as the external domain, but in fact the client is
communicating with the local domain accelerator using the first set of session keys.
22. (Original) The external domain acceleration system of claim 21 further comprising a
proxy that acts as a secure conduit between the client and the local domain accelerator and a
secure conduit between the local domain accelerator and the external domain.
23. (Cancelled).
24. (Previously Presented) The external domain acceleration system of claim 21 wherein the
local domain accelerator and the external domain exchange certificates with one another during
communications with one another.
25. (Previously Presented) The external domain acceleration system of claim 21 wherein the
client is a browser and uses Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) communications to attempt to directly
communicate with the external domain, the communications are intercepted and forwarded to the

proxy and the proxy forwards the communications to the local domain accelerator where the local domain accelerator presents itself securely to the client as if it were the external domain.

26. (Original) The external domain acceleration system of claim 21 wherein the external domain includes a plurality of external sites having a plurality of services.